Herts for Learni

Spoken Language Progression (Years 1-6)

Spring 2017







The National Curriculum (NC) states in its introduction that, 'Teachers should develop pupils' **spoken language**, reading, writing and vocabulary as integral aspects of the teaching of **every** subject.' It recognises that 'fluency in the English language is an essential foundation for success in all subjects', and the programme of study sets out twelve statutory requirements (see overleaf) to be taught during key stages one and two. The statements apply to all year groups, and the NC states that 'the content should be taught at a level appropriate to the age of the pupils'.

This document provides guidance on the progression of skills in Spoken Language from years 1 to 6 and is designed to support planning across all National Curriculum subject areas.

Each of the twelve statutory bullet points have been broken down into the following headings at an age appropriate level:

- Listening and Responding
- Questioning
- Oral Rehearsal/Presenting
- Vocabulary
- Talking with others

Spoken language requirements from across all curriculum subjects and programmes of study have been included. Therefore, all statutory requirements for Spoken Language can now be found in one place. This document has also been cross-referenced against other HfL documents such as the 'Working Mathematically Reasoning' to ensure consistency.

<u>NB</u> In order to provide oral preparation for key elements of the Grammar Programme of Study, aspects of grammar will be introduced in the preceding year.





NATIONAL CURRICULUM 2014 STATUTORY PROGRAMME OF STUDY - SPOKEN LANGUAGE YEARS 1-6

Pupils should be taught to:

- listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers
- ask relevant questions to extend their understanding and knowledge
- use relevant strategies to build their vocabulary
- articulate and justify answers, arguments and opinions
- give well-structured descriptions, explanations and narratives for different purposes, including for expressing feelings
- maintain attention and participate actively in collaborative conversations, staying on topic and initiating and responding to comments
- use spoken language to develop understanding through speculating, hypothesising, imagining and exploring ideas
- speak audibly and fluently with an increasing command of Standard English
- participate in discussions, presentations, performances, role play, improvisations and debates
- gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener(s)
- consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others
- select and use appropriate registers for effective communication.





YEAR 1			
	Listening and Responding	Oral Rehearsal/Presenting	
•	maintains eye contact listens with periods of sustained concentration demonstrates active listening by the detail provided when responding to and answering questions takes some account of other speakers' comments, e.g. in paired work listens to and follows 2 to 3 part instructions in familiar contexts uses single clause sentences and multi-clause sentences (using 'and', 'but', 'or' 'if' 'when' and 'because) to help explain or justify an event some developmental grammatical features remain in everyday talk, e.g. past tense formation, plurals ('wented', 'mouses') usually keeps to a topic and can be easily prompted to move on if required	 occasional changes to language according to speaking partner(s), e.g. family and friends, teachers, others joins in with repetitive refrains recites poetry by heart orally rehearses in preparation for writing re-tells familiar stories using story language recounts personal experiences with some detail role-plays to explore characters and the language they use reading aloud is audible for the listener speaks clearly with occasional errors when reporting own and others' views to the class Talking with others 	
•	demonstrates some interaction with speaker by adding to shared ideas describes a problem in their own words uses talk rather than actions to resolve a problem	 takes turns in group conversations understands agreed group discussion guidelines sometimes expresses a view/opinion 	
	Questioning	Vocabulary	
•	asks questions to find out specific information including 'How' and 'Why' answers simple 'How' or 'Why' questions answers justified using the word 'because' when prompted, draws on observations, ideas and simple secondary sources to suggest answers to questions raises and answers questions linked to topics of interest/study or to personal experience when prompted, poses 'What if?' questions during practical problem solving opportunities	 increases vocabulary using words provided by adults, discussions and environmental stimuli discusses word meanings develops synonyms for existing vocabulary uses sequencing language to order events with support uses comparative language to describe changes, patterns and relationships uses some technical terminology across the curriculum 	





YEAR 2			
Listening and Responding	Oral Rehearsal/Presenting		
 listens with periods of sustained concentration when more than one person is speaking recalls and conveys simple information clearly makes comments when the detail provided is unclear listens attentively in discussion by following up points listens to and follows 2 to 3 part instructions keeps to a topic considers and offers alternative viewpoints some development of speaker's main ideas through e.g. repetition, paraphrasing and questioning explains their preferences/choices generally sequences talk to help the listener extends ideas using some conjunctions and adverbs to express time, place and cause e.g. when, before, after, so, because, then, next, before, after 	 uses verb tenses/forms increasingly accurately for spoken standard English retells a range of stories using some of their own words recites poetry by heart with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear orally rehearses planning and writing experiments with a variety of levels of formality when talking with different people speaks with clarity and uses intonation when reading and reciting texts, and when reading own writing aloud speaks clearly and audibly to a group sometimes uses voice, gesture or movement, in role play and improvisation appropriately responds to others in role helping to sustain the scenario talks about what they have found out and how they have found it out Talking with others takes turns and occasionally asks questions as well as offering ideas under guidance, follows agreed group discussion guidelines occasionally begins a group 		
Questioning	discussion Vocabulary		
 asks questions for clarification and understanding (linked to age related context) questions asked relate to the learning asks and answers questions to aid problem solving answers justified using evidence from the context poses 'What if?' questions during practical problem solving opportunities 	 uses comparative language to describe changes, patterns and relationships increases vocabulary using words provided by adults, discussions and environmental stimuli discusses and clarifies word meanings, including favourite words and phrases begins to select appropriate synonyms uses some technical terminology accurately and precisely across the curriculum 		





YEARS 3 & 4 Listening and Responding **Oral Rehearsal/Presenting** sustains listening to a variety of shows an awareness of spoken sources, making notes if required standard English required for formal focuses listening on main source by contexts tuning out of distractions reads aloud and performs poems listens to key information and makes and play scripts showing understanding through intonation, relevant, related comments demonstrates active listening when tone, volume and action uses appropriate intonation when the detail provided is unclear, by orally rehearsing a range of commenting or asking for an sentences structures (including explanation dialogue) follows longer instructions that are begins to adapt register in response not familiar to changing context and audience, builds their own understanding and e.g. switching between talk to friends response and sometimes changes and to school visitor point of view as a result of listening performs stories and poems, attentively to others identifying appropriate expression, demonstrates increased clarity and tone, volume and use of voices precision of ideas e.g. through the use of relative clauses participates, speaking audibly in a range of situations e.g. drama, explains or gives reasons for their formal presentations and debates views or choices reports on findings from may introduce some new material or investigations (e.g. maths and ideas science) adds detail or leaves information out Talking with others according to how much is already known by the listener follows agreed group discussion provides critical feedback guidelines constructively works in groups with minimum explains a process ensuring ideas supervision are clearly sequenced follows up others' points and shows whether they agree or disagree in a whole-class discussion makes generally relevant comments which add to ideas or suggests alternatives Questioning Vocabulary sometimes develops speaker's main builds a varied and rich vocabulary ideas through questioning with greater independence asks questions for clarification and discusses and clarifies word understanding (linked to age related meanings including homonyms which depend on context context) poses 'What if?' questions that may considers shades of meaning when change the outcome or direction of discussing synonyms the problem links events using a wider range of poses and answers questions that conjunctions and adverbs will help make sense of a problem uses technical terminology asks and answers questions using accurately and precisely across most areas of the curriculum modal verbs and adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility when answering, refers back to and



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rephrases evidence from the context

YEARS 5 & 6				
Listening and Responding	Oral Rehearsal/Presenting			
maintains interest and attention when listening to a variety of complex and sometimes challenging ideas/sources: determining key information demonstrates attentive and sustained listening by building on others' ideas by agreeing or disagreeing recognises specific points from the speaker that are then challenged courteously for greater clarity/detail/accuracy incorporates a variety of sentence and clause structures from written and oral contexts to gain and maintain the interest of the listener	 generally selects spoken standard English appropriately with few exceptions effectively uses intonation, tone, volume and action when speaking or performing publically so that meaning is clear to the audience presents findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and results some deliberate shaping of talk for listener, with variation in emphasis or gesture for clarity and effect presents spoken arguments, sequencing points logically, defending views with evidence and making use of persuasive language 			
demonstrate connections with other	Talking with others			
 ideas and draws on different points of view when responding anticipates the listener's response and makes use of counter arguments expresses ideas and feelings with clarity and precision uses a variety of ways to criticise constructively and respond to critique 	 builds on their own and others' ideas and challenges views courteously sustained contributions draw ideas together and promotes effective discussion influences direction of talk negotiates and makes decisions taking account of alternatives and consequences 			
Questioning	Vocabulary			
 develops own lines of enquiry deepens understanding by questioning the given information questions introduce new ideas/material supports others to develop their understanding through questioning understands which questions will develop learning / understanding when answering, refers to evidence and communicates ideas with precision/clarity for given audience 	 builds a varied and rich vocabulary, includes constructions used for formal language discusses and clarifies word meanings, uses a wider range of synonyms precisely and effectively selects appropriate synonym according to audience and purpose incorporates a varied and rich vocabulary from a wide range of written and oral contexts uses a range of cohesive devices to link ideas uses technical terminology accurately and precisely across the curriculum debates specific points effectively and maintains a focus on the topic 			



